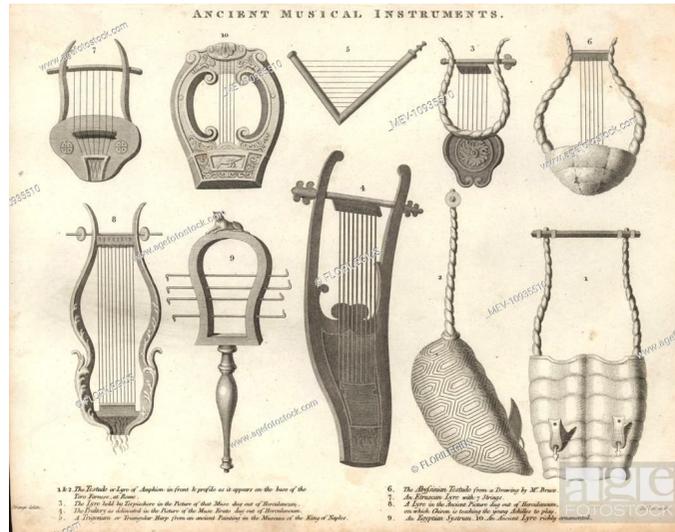


Singing songs and creating music on keyboards about the Romans

	Key composer, genre and instruments
<b>Johann Strauss I 1804-1849</b>	Johann Baptist Strauss I was an Austrian composer of the Romantic Period. He was famous for his light music, namely waltzes, polkas, and Galops. 
<b>The Radetzky March</b>	'Radetzky March', is a march composed by Johann Strauss Sr. and dedicated to Field Marshal Joseph Radetzky von Radetz. First performed on 31 August 1848 in Vienna, it soon became popular among regimented marching soldiers.
<b>Marches</b>	A march is music written counting 1,2 1,2. The time signature looks like this: 

Key Skills
Sing in tune and keep a part while singing a round.
Begin to use keyboard functions: voice and style.
Play simple accompaniments on keyboard.
Listen with concentration to music by famous composers.
Develop understanding of different time signatures. 2/4 3/4
Develop an understanding of the history of music.



Relevant songs
Like a Roman
We are Romans marching on Hadrian's Wall
The Roman numerals song

Key Vocabulary	
<b>round/canon</b>	A song that can be sung in groups starting in different places.
<b>keyboard</b>	An electronic instrument like a piano with many other settings for sounds and rhythms.
<b>voice (keyboard setting)</b>	A button which allows you to select a different instrument as your chosen sound e.g: trumpet, flute.
<b>style (keyboard setting)</b>	A button which allows you to select a music style such as waltz or march, to accompany a piece of music.
<b>waltz</b>	A popular dance, in 3 time: 1,2,3 1,2,3.
<b>march</b>	A popular style of music in Strauss' time. Matches count in 2 time: 1,2,1,2.
<b>timbre</b>	The quality and difference of sounds e.g. a trumpet sounds very different to a piano.
<b>tempo</b>	The speed of the music. This can be adjusted on a keyboard.
<b>drone</b>	A repeated low note played throughout a round.

